UTOPIA

OF THEIR TRADES, AND MANNER OF LIFE

Agriculture is that which is so universally understood among them

that no person, either man or woman, is ignorant of it; they are instructed

in it from their childhood, partly by what they learn at school, and partly

by practice, they being led out often into the fields about the town, where

they not only see others at work but are likewise exercised in it themselves.

Besides agriculture, which is so common to them all, every man has some

peculiar trade to which he applies himself; such as the manufacture of

wool or flax, masonry, smith’s work, or carpenter’s work; for there is no

sort of trade that is not in great esteem among them. Throughout the

island they wear the same sort of clothes, without any other distinction

except what is necessary to distinguish the two sexes and the married

and unmarried. The fashion never alters, and as it is neither disagreeable

nor uneasy, so it is suited to the climate, and calculated both for their

summers and winters. Every family makes their own clothes; but all

among them, women as well as men, learn one or other of the trades

formerly mentioned. Women, for the most part, deal in wool and flax,

which suit best with their weakness, leaving the ruder trades to the men.

The same trade generally passes down from father to son, inclinations

often following descent; but if any man’s genius lies another way he is, by

adoption, translated into a family that deals in the trade to which he is

inclined; and when that is to be done, care is taken, not only by his father,

but by the magistrate, that he may be put to a discreet and good man: and

if, after a person has learned one trade, he desires to acquire another, that

is also allowed, and is managed in the same manner as the former. When

he has learned both, he follows that which he likes best, unless the public

has more occasion for the other.